

Fiber Optic SFP FP 1310nm OC-48 Lightwave Transceiver with DDMI

Data Sheet

OFD2433



The OFD2433 transceiver module operates at a wavelength of 1310 nm for OC-48 SR/STM-16 I16.1, Gigabit Ethernet and 1x/2x Fiber Channel applications.

Features

- Hot-pluggable
- Single +3.3 V supply
- Duplex LC connector interface
- Fabry-Perot 1310 type LD
- Low power dissipation
- OC-48/STM-16 Short Reach
- 15 km link distance
- Internal Digital Diagnostics calibration
- Digital Diagnostics Monitoring for SFF-8472 compatible
- Compatible with ATM/SONET OC-48
- IEEE 802.3z Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-LX compliant
- EEPROM with Serial ID Functionality
- Fiber Channel (200-SM-LC-L) compliant
- ESD Class 2 per MIL-STD 883D Method 3015.7
- FCC (Class B) and EN 55022 compliant
- Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) for Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) compliant

Applications

- Telecommunications and Data Communications system networks
- SONET OC-12, OC-48 SR/STM I16.1
- Gigabit Ethernet
- Point-to-Point networking
- Metro Access Rings
- 1x/2x Fiber Channel

Description

The OFD2433 transceiver provides signal conversion and processing for serial optical data communication applications. It operates over single mode fiber by converting 1310 nm wavelength lightwave information into an electrical signal and vice versa at a data rate of 2.1 Gb/s.

Housed in a compact metal package, the transceiver module consists of a transmitter and receiver optical subassembly coupled with a duplex LC receptacle.

This dual-fiber connector transceiver is designed for use in Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-LX, 1x/2x Fiber Channel and SONET OC-12, OC-48 SR/SDH STM-16 I16.1 applications.

Transceiver Monitoring Interface

OFD2433 provides an enhanced monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a normal factory-set range. The monitoring interface makes use of two wire address 1010001X (A2h) and is backward compatible with the Small Form Pluggable Multi-Source Agreement (SFP MSA).

Serial Identification (EEPROM)

An SFP having module definition 4 provides access to sophisticated identification information that describes the SFP transceiver’s capabilities, standard interface, manufacturer and other information. An EEPROM containing the detailed product information and digital diagnostic function for the host equipment is accessed by the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol. See SFP MSA for detailed description.

Performance Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause damage to the optical device. Operations of the optical device are suggested to remain within the recommended operating conditions. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _S	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	0	4.0	V
Relative Humidity	RH	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0		70	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Supply Current	I _{TX} + I _{RX}		200	300	mA

Safety

Laser Compliance Statement

The OFD2433 is classified as a Class I Laser Product. It complies with IEC 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. The transceiver must be operated under recommended operating conditions; otherwise classification for laser product safety is invalid. Because the transceiver is designed to be inherently eye safe, it does not require open fiber control thus eliminating complex electronics or mechanics.

Caution - use of device other than those specified herein may result in hazardous laser radiation exposure or other damage. Please embrace all customary precautions and discretion while handling this device.

Transmitter Electro-Optical Interface ($T_C = 0\sim 70^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC,T,R} = 3.1\text{V} < V_{CC} < 3.5\text{V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
Transmitter Differential Input Voltage	TD +/-	400	2000	mVp-p
Optical Output Power ¹	P _O	-9	-3	dBm
Optical Extinction Ratio ¹	E _R	9		dB
Center Wavelength ¹	λ_C	1280	1355	nm
Spectral Width ¹	$\Delta\lambda$		< 2.5	nm
Optical Rise/ Fall Time ²	t _r / t _f		0.15	nsec
Tx_Fault - HIGH	V _{Fault_H}	2	V _{CC}	V
Tx_Fault - LOW	V _{Fault_L}	V _{ee}	V _{ee} + 0.5	V
Tx_Disable - High	V _{Disable_H}	2	V _{CC}	V
Tx_Disable - LOW	V _{Disable_L}	V _{ee}	V _{ee} + 0.8	V

Note:

1. Measured at 155.54 Mbps, PRBS 2²³-1, NRZ.
2. 20%-80%

Receiver Electro-Optical Specifications ($T_C = 0\sim 70^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC,T,R} = 3.1\text{V} < V_{CC} < 3.5\text{V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Receiver Differential Output Voltage	RD +/-	600	800		mV _{p-p}
Receiver Overload ^{1,2}	P _{IN} MAX	-3			dBm
Receiver Sensitivity ^{1,2}	P _{IN} MAX		-24	-18	dBm
Operating Center Wavelength	λ_C	1270		1620	nm
Receiver LOS Assert Level ²	P _{RX_LOS A}	-35			dBm
Receiver LOS Deassert Level ²	P _{RX_LOS D}			-18.5	dBm
Receiver Loss of Signal Hysteresis ²		0.5	2		dB

Note:

1. With BER better than or equal to 1x10⁻¹².
2. Measured in center of eye opening with 2²³-1 PRBS, NRZ.

Pin Assignment

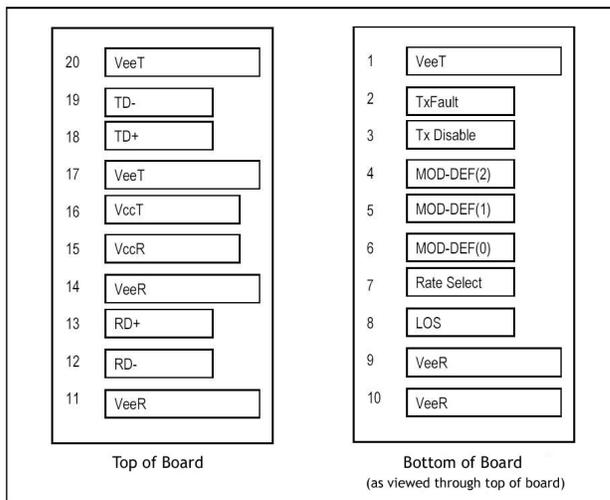


Figure 1. SFP Transceiver Electric Pad Layout

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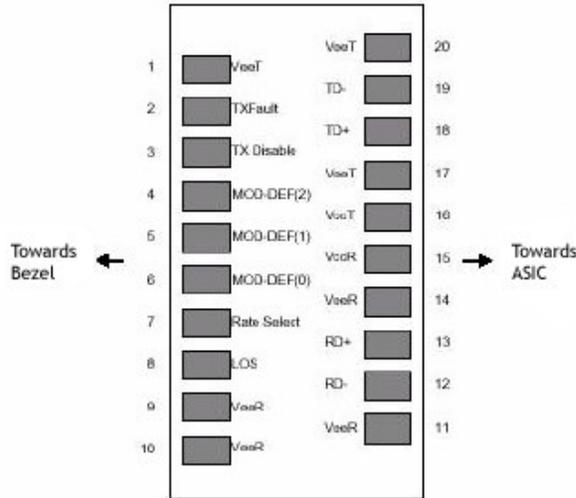


Figure 2. Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin

Pin Description and Plug-in Sequence¹ (1-Grd, 2-Power, 3-Signal)

Pin No.	Name	Description	Plug-in Sequence	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Open-Collector outputs, asserted when LD and/or APC function fail.
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Disable when high voltage (>2.0V or Open).
4	MOD-DEF 2	Module Definition 2	3	Should be pulled up with 4.7k - 10 kΩ on host board to voltage between 2.0V and 5.5V. MOD-DEF (0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
5	MOD-DEF 1	Module Definition 1	3	See notes for Pin 4.
6	MOD-DEF 0	Module Definition 0	3	See notes for Pin 4.
7	Rate Select	Bandwidth Selection	3	No connection required.
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	LOS is Open-Collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k - 10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 5.5V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	See notes for Pin 1.
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	See notes for Pin 1.
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	See notes for Pin 1.
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	See notes for Pin 1.
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	

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17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	See notes for Pin 1.
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	See notes for Pin 1.

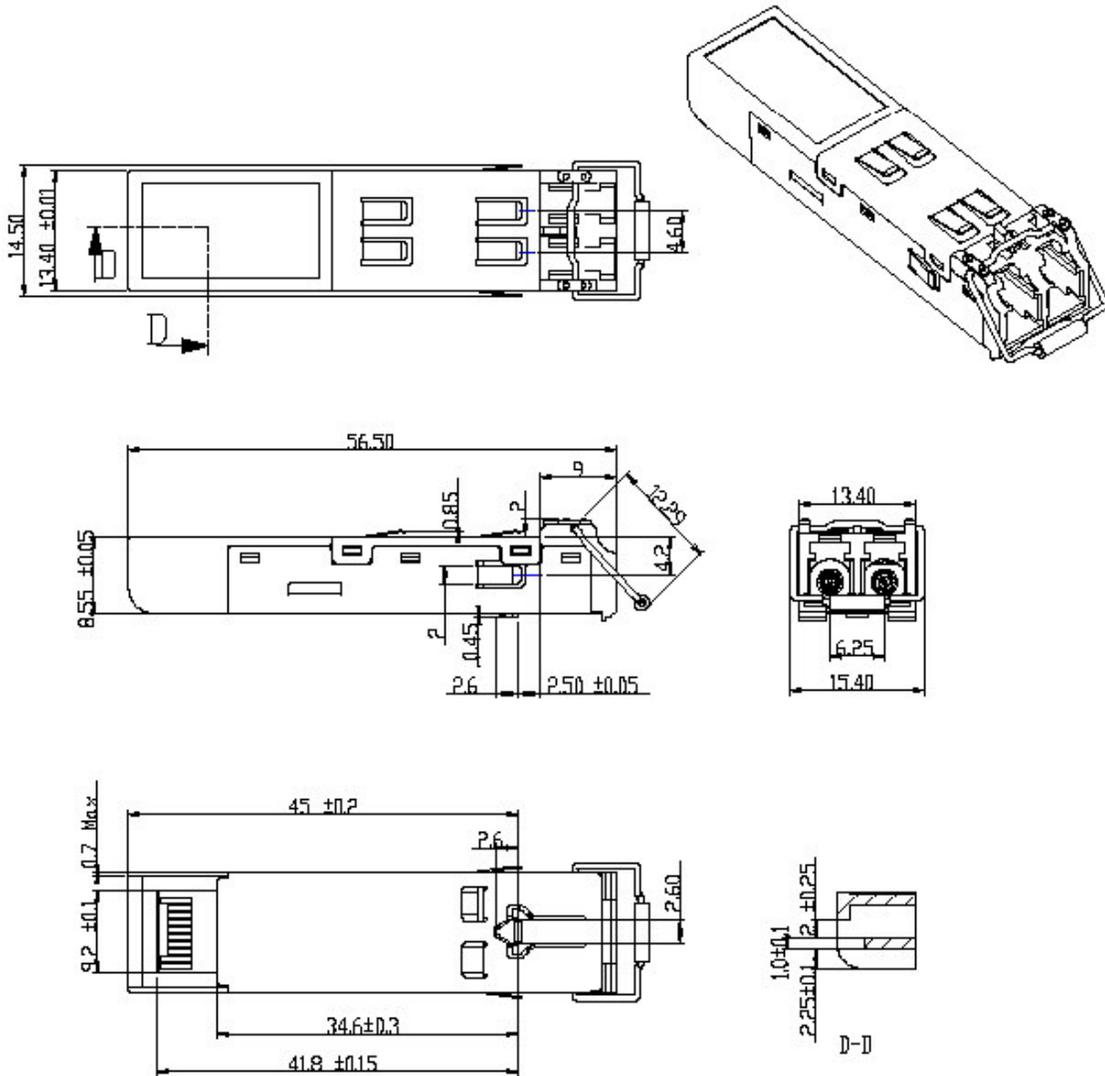
Note:

1. Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

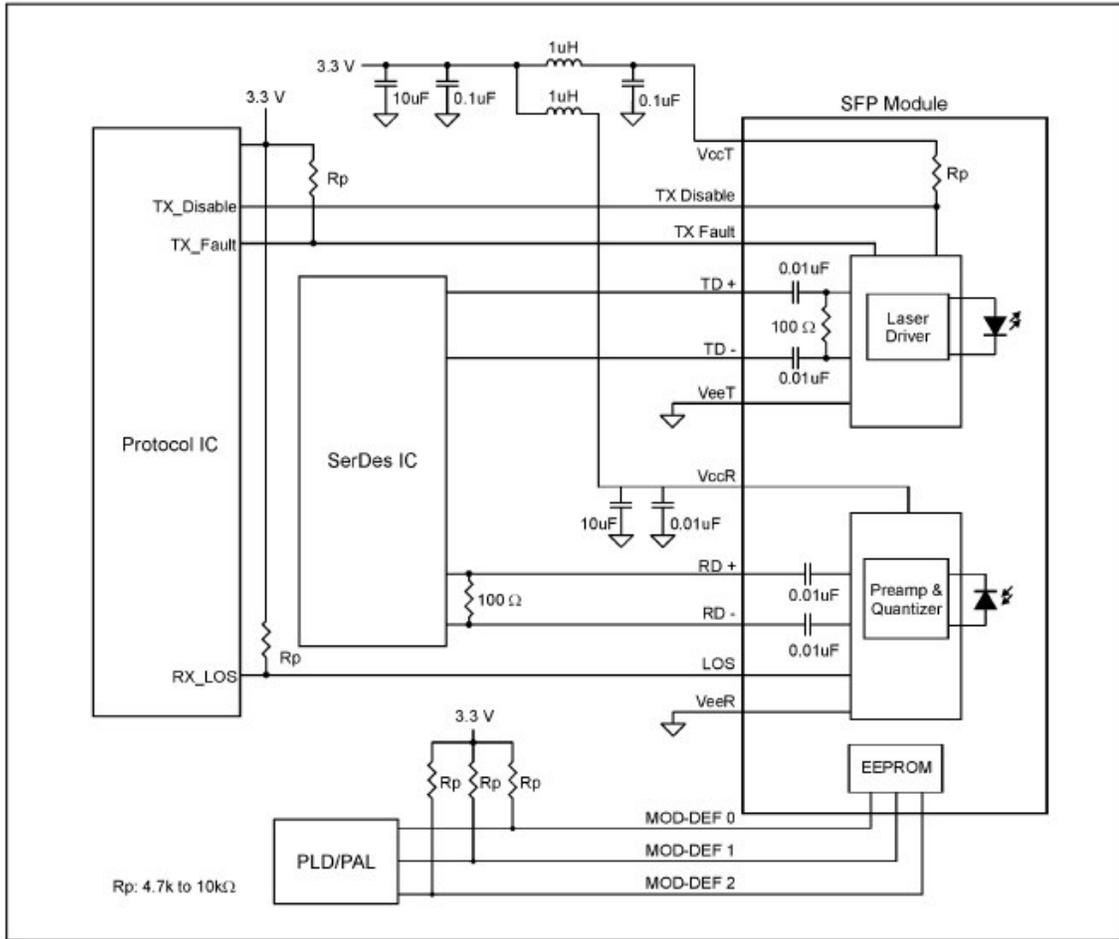
Physical Characteristics

Outline Diagram

Dimensions for the device package are given in millimeters.



Recommended Interface Diagram



Additional Information

Contact

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