

# Fiber Optic LAN 1x5 Transceiver For 1310 nm 100 Mb/s with VF-45™ Connector

Data Sheet

OVF2021-1



#### **Features**

- 1310 nm LED
- Multimode fiber with VF-45<sup>™</sup> connector
- Operating Temperature: 0 ~ +70°C
- 2 km link distance
- Data Rate of 100 Mb/s
- Compatible with Ethernet and Token Ring protocols
- Small footprint allows high density port spacing

## **Applications**

- Telecommunications and Data Communications System Networking
- Fiber-to the-desktop
- 100 Mb/s Ethernet
- 4/16 Mb/s Token Ring LAN

## Description

The OVF2021-1 is a 1x5 transceiver module that combines a fiber optic transmitter and receiver with the VF-45™ connector, an innovative connection scheme that lends itself to high density applications by significantly reducing the board space required for a fiber optic transceiver. It operates at a data rate of 100 Mb/s over a link distance of 2 km.

The transmitter consists of a high reliability InGaAsP 1310 nm LED (Light Emitting Diode) coupled to a multimode fiber through the VF-45™ connector.

The hybrid bipolar fiber optic receiver consists of an InGaAs PIN (P-type/ Intrinsic/ N-type detector) photodiode for high-speed operation and a transimpedance preamplifier IC for excellent noise immunity. The device is designed to operate on the ECL (Emitter Coupled Logic) standard of -5.2 V and has excellent PSRR (Power Supply Rejection Ratio) (20 dB at 10 MHz typical). It can also be operated with a +5 V supply with a slight loss of PSRR performance at data rates below 1 MHz.

<sup>\*</sup>VF-45™ is a trademark of 3M. \*Volition™ is a trademark of 3M.

# Safety

# **Laser Compliance Statement**

The OVF2021-1 is classified as a Class I LED Product and complies with IEC 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. The transceiver must be operated under recommended operating conditions. Because the transceiver is designed to be inherently eye safe, it does not require open fiber control thus eliminating complex electronics or mechanics.

Caution - use of device other than those specified herein may result in hazardous LED radiation exposure or other damage. Please embrace all customary precautions and discretion while handling this device.

### **Performance Specifications**

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause damage to the optical device. Operations of the optical device are suggested to remain within the recommended operating conditions. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 to +85	°C	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	0 to +70	°C	
Soldering Temperature	$S_{temp}$	260	°C	
Soldering Time	$S_{time}$	10	sec	
Reverse Input Voltage		1.8	V	
Continuous Forward Current		75	mA	
(Heat Sinked)				
Supply Voltage (Vcc-Vee)		-0.5 to -6.0	٧	

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Supply Voltage	Vcc-Vee	5.0 to 5.5	٧	
Optical Signal Input		1.0 to 70	μW	

### Transmitter Electro-Optical Characteristics (T<sub>A</sub>=25 °C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Fiber Coupled	I <sub>F</sub> =25 mA rms	Poc(Avg.)	-23.5	-21.5	-19.5	dBm
Optical Power:	(50% duty cycle)					
50 µm fiber <sup>1,2</sup>	NA=0.20 (over temp.)	Poc(Avg.)	-24		-20	dBm
Fiber Coupled	I <sub>F</sub> =25 mA rms	Poc(Avg.)	-20	-18	-16	dBm
Optical Power:	(50% duty cycle)					
62.5 μm fiber <sup>1,2</sup>	NA=0.275 (over temp.)	Poc(Avg.)	-20.5		-15.5	dBm
Forward Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> =25 mA DC	$V_{F}$		1.1	1.7	٧
Forward Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> =25 mA DC	$\Delta V_F/\Delta T$		-0.12		mV/°C
Temperature						
Coefficient						
Peak Wavelength	I <sub>F</sub> =25 mA DC	λр	1280	1310	1350	nm
Response Time	I <sub>F</sub> =25 mA Peak	t <sub>R</sub> /t <sub>F</sub>	2	2.7	3.5	ns
	(50% duty cycle)					
	No prebias					

Po Temp	I <sub>F</sub> =25 mA DC	ΔΡο/ΔΤ		-0.004	dB/°C
Coefficient	I <sub>F</sub> =50 mA DC	ΔΡο/ΔΤ		-0.006	dB/°C
Series Resistance	DC	Rs	6.0		Ω
Thermal	Heat Sinked		260		°C/W
Resistance					

Notes:

- 1. Maximum degradation at end of life = 2 dB.
- 2. Poc is measured using a 10 meter mode stripped cable which is intended to accurately represent a working system.

FIGURE 1: TYPICAL OPTICAL POWER OUTPUT VS FORWARD CURRENT

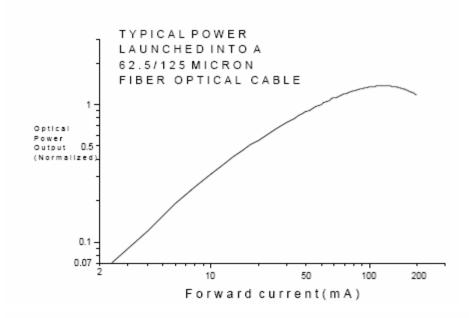
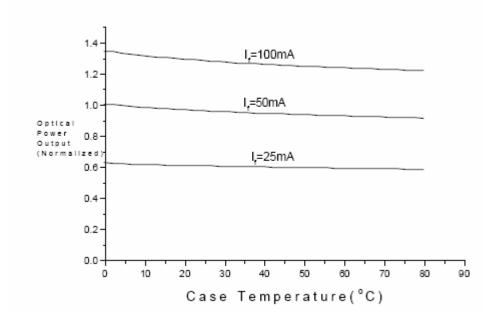


FIGURE 2: TYPICAL OPTICAL POWER OUTPUT VS CASE TEMPERATURE



#### **OVF2021-1 LAN 1x5 TRANSCEIVER DATA SHEET**

# Receiver Electro-Optical Characteristics (T<sub>A</sub>=0<T<70 °C, V<sub>EE</sub>=-5.2V unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Responsivity @	F=10 MHz; 50% duty cycle	R	12.5	17.5	23.5	mV/μW
25°C	$P_{IN}=10 \mu W$ avg.					
over temp of	λ=1310 nm	R	11		28.5	mV/μW
0°C~70°C	62.5 mm core fiber					
Input Power @	F=50 MHz; 50% duty cycle	$P_{IN}(avg.)$	-30			dBm
25°C 1	λ=1310 nm		1			μW
	PWD=2.5 nS					
DC Output	$P_{IN} \leq 0.1 \mu W$	$V_{ODC}$	-4.0	-3.65	-3.3	٧
Voltage <sup>2</sup>						
Power Supply	$R_{LOAD} = 0$	$I_{CC}$		9	15	mΑ
Current						
Rise/Fall Time @	F=62.5 MHz; 50% duty	$t_{R/}t_{F}$		3	4.5	nS
25°C	cycle					
over temp of	$P_{IN}=10 \mu W$ avg.			3	5.0	
0°C~70°C	λ=1310 nm					
Pulse Width	F=62.5 MHz;	PWD		0.2	1.0	nS
Distortion <sup>3</sup>	50% duty cycle					
	$P_{IN}$ =10 µW avg.					
-	λ=1310 nm					
Bandwidth	λ=1310 nm	BW		125		MHz
	R=0.707R Max.					
RMS Noise Output	P <sub>IN</sub> =0 μW avg.	$V_{NO}$		0.52	0.58	mV
Voltage	75 MHz, 3 pole Bessel					
	filter on output					
	No filter on output	$V_{NO}$			0.7	mV
Output PSRR <sup>4</sup>	F=10 MHz			20		dB
Output Overshoot	$P_{IN}=10 \mu W$ avg.			5	10	%
Output Resistance	F=50 MHz			20		Ω
RMS Input Noise	P <sub>IN</sub> =0 μW	P <sub>IN</sub>		-41.3	-41.0	dBm
Power @ 25°C <sup>5</sup>	75 MHz, 3 pole			0.074	0.079	μW
	Bessel filter on output					

#### Notes:

Notes:

\* Typical specifications are for operation at T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.

\*\* Output pin should be AC coupled at a 511 Ohm load. Load capacitance <50 pF (see circuit diagram).

\*\*\* Quiescent output voltage (V<sub>ODC</sub>) = V<sub>CC</sub> - 3.65 V typical. Dynamic output voltage swing is above the quiescent output voltage (V<sub>O</sub>=V<sub>ODC</sub>+R × P<sub>IN</sub>).

1. Sensitivity of minimum power @ ER=10.

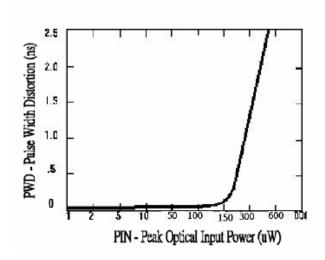
2. See Figure 5(b)

3. Measured at 50% amplitude point on the output waveform.

4. Output PSSR is defined as 20 log (V supply ripple/V<sub>OUT</sub> ripple).

5. Input referred noise is calculated as P<sub>HI</sub>=V<sub>NO</sub>/R.

FIGURE 3: PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION VS OPTICAL INPUT



100%
50%
INPUT
PULSE
WIDTH

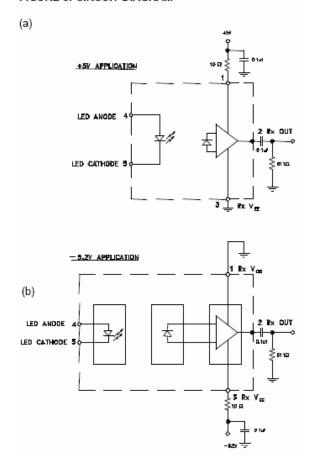
OUTPUT
PULSE
WIDTH

10%

10%

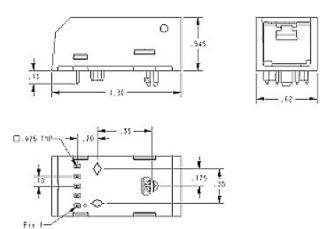
FIGURE 4: SWITCHING WAVEFORM

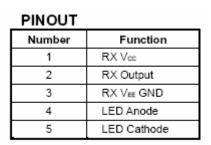
FIGURE 5: CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



# **Package Outline Diagram**

Dimensions for the device package are given in inches.





#### **Additional Information**

#### Contact

For additional information, product specifications, or information about Optocom:

Internet: http://www.optocom.com

Email: sales@optocom.com

Tel: +1 978 988 8711 Fax: +1 978 988 8722

©2005 Optocom Corporation. All rights reserved. Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable and is subject to change without notice. Optocom Corporation will not be held liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without prior written consent of the copyright owner and no responsibility will be assumed by Optocom Corporation for any infringements of third parties. All other brand or product names mentioned are the trademarks or registered trademarks owned by their respective companies or organizations.