

# Fiber Optic SFP 850 VCSEL 1.25G Lightwave Transceiver

Data Sheet

OVP2300



The OVP2300 transceiver module operates at a wavelength of 850 nm and at 1.25 Gb/s for Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-SX and 1x Fiber Channel applications.

## Features

- Hot-pluggable
- Single +3.3 V supply
- RJ-45 style VF-45™ (SG) connector system
- 550 m link distance
- 850 nm Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser (VCSEL)
- IEEE 802.3z Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-SX compliant
- EEPROM with Serial ID Functionality
- Complies with Fiber Channel (100-M5-SN-I, 100-M6-SN-I) specifications
- ESD Class 2 per MIL-STD 883D Method 3015.7
- FCC (Class B) and EN 55022 compliant
- Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) for Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Compliant

## Applications

- Telecommunications and Data Communications system networks
- Fiber-to-the-desktop
- Switches/bridges/routers/servers
- Local Area Networks
- Storage Area Networks
- High-speed computer links
- Switching system

## Description

The OVP2300 transceiver provides signal conversion and processing for serial optical data communication applications. It operates over multimode fiber by converting lightwave information into an electrical signal and vice versa at a data rate of 1.25 Gb/s.

Housed in a compact metal package, the transceiver module consists of a transmitter and receiver optical subassembly coupled with a SG/VF-45™ receptacle. The module is designed especially for distances of up to 550 m with 50/125 μm multimode fibers.

This dual-fiber connector transceiver is designed for use in LAN, SAN, WAN, and Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-SX and 1x Fiber Channel applications at 1.25 Gb/s.

\*VF-45™ is a trademark of 3M.

**Serial Identification (EEPROM)**

An SFP having module definition 4 provides access to sophisticated identification information that describes the SFP transceiver’s capabilities, standard interface, manufacturer and other information. An EEPROM containing the detailed product information for the host equipment is accessed by the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol. See SFP MSA for detailed description.

**Safety**

**Laser Compliance Statement**

The OVP2300 is classified as a Class I Laser Product. It complies with IEC 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. The transceiver must be operated under recommended operating conditions. Because the transceiver is designed to be inherently eye safe, it does not require open fiber control thus eliminating complex electronics or mechanics.

Caution - use of device other than those specified herein may result in hazardous laser radiation exposure or other damage. Please embrace all customary precautions and discretion while handling this device.

**Operating Range for 1000BASE-SX**

Fiber Type	Minimum Range (meters)
62.5 micron MMF	2 to 260
50 micron MMF	2 to 550
10 micron SMF	Not Supported

**Performance Specifications**

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause damage to the optical device. Operations of the optical device are suggested to remain within the recommended operating conditions. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
Storage Temperature	T <sub>S</sub>	-40	+85	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	0	70	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (≈10 sec)	T <sub>SOLD</sub>		260	°C
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	0	5.5	V
Differential Data Input Voltage			V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	0		70	°C
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}-V_{EE}$	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
<b>Transmitter</b>					
Data Input Differential Voltage <sup>1</sup>	$V_{DIFF}$	0.4		1.6	V
TTL Transmit Disable Input Voltage - HIGH, LOW	$V_{DSH}$ $V_{DSL}$	$V_{CC}-1.3$ 0		$V_{CC}+0.8$	V
Input Data Rise/Fall, Time 10% - 90%		100		370	ps
<b>Receiver</b>					
Input Center Wavelength		770		860	nm

**Notes:**

1. Data inputs are AC coupled with 100  $\Omega$  differential termination built into transceiver.

**Transmitter Electro-Optical Interface ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Launched Power (Average) <sup>1</sup>	$P_O$	-9.5		-4	dBm
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	830	850	860	nm
Spectral Width (RMS)	$\Delta\lambda$			0.85	nm
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-117	dB/Hz
Extinction Ratio (Dynamic) <sup>2</sup>	$E_r$	9			dB
Rise Time <sup>3</sup> , 20% - 80%	$t_R$			260	ps
Total Contributed Jitter	TJ			225	ps
Input Differential Voltage Swing	$V_{IN}$	0.5		2.4	V
Supply Current	$I_{TX}$		60		mA

**Notes:**

1. Measured at the end of 5 meters of 50/125 graded index fiber using calibrated power meter and precision test ferrule.
2. Extinction Ratio defined as  $P_o(H) / P_o(L) \times 100\%$ .
3. Rise/Fall time measurement based on unfiltered waveform. Input data pattern is a 125 MHz square pattern.

**Receiver Electro-Optical Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Sensitivity (Average Power) <sup>1</sup>	$P_{IN}$		-19	-17	dBm
Saturation (Average Power)	$P_{SAT}$	0			dBm
Signal Loss Deassert Level <sup>2</sup>	$P_{SLD}$			-20	dBm
Signal Loss Assert Level <sup>3</sup>	$P_{SLA}$	-30			dBm
Signal Loss Hysteresis	$P_{SLD}-P_{SLA}$		3		dB
Differential Data Output Voltage Swing	$V_{OUT}$	0.4		2	V
Output Data Rise/Fall Time, 10% - 90%	$t_r, t_f$			375	ps
Return Loss of Receiver	RL	12			dB
Supply Current <sup>4</sup>	$I_{RX}$		80		mA

**Notes:**

1. Average optical power at which the BER is  $1 \times 10^{-12}$ . Measured with a  $2^7-1$  NRZ PRBS and ER = 9 dB.
2. Optical power above which the SIGNAL LOSS toggles from High to Low state.
3. Optical power below which the SIGNAL LOSS toggles from Low to High state.
4. Supply current including Rx outputs into a 50  $\Omega$  load.

**Timing Parameters<sup>1</sup>**

	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Condition
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off		10	µs	Time from rising edge of Tx Disable to when the optical output falls below 10% of nominal
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on		1	ms	Time from falling edge of Tx Disable to when the modulated optical output rises above 90% of nominal
Time to initialize, Including reset of Tx Fault	t_init		300	ms	From power on or negation of Tx Fault using Tx Disable
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault		100	µs	Time from fault to Tx fault on
Tx Disable to reset	t_reset	10		µs	Time Tx Disable must be held high to reset Tx Fault
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on		100	µs	Time from LOS state to Rx LOS assert
LOS Deassert Time	t_loss_off		100	µs	Time from non-LOS state to Rx LOS deassert
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		100	kHz	

Note:

1. See SFP MultiSource Agreement (MSA) for detail descriptions of control and status timing requirements.

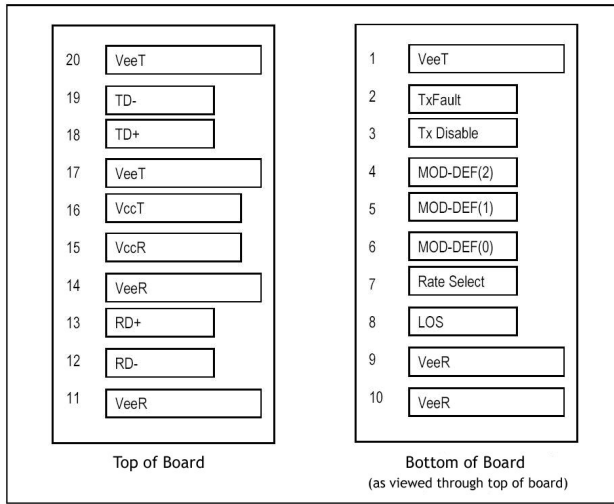
**Laser Data**

Wavelength	850 nm
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 50 mm aperture at 10 cm distance)	< 400 µW
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7 mm aperture at 20 cm distance)	< 70 µW
Beam divergence	12°

**Regulatory Compliance**

Feature	Standard	Notes
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD 883D Method 3015.7	Class 1 (> 1000V)
<i>Immunity:</i> Electrosatic Discharge (ESD) to the Duplex VF-45™ Receptacle	EN 61000-4-2 IEC 1000-4-2	Discharges of ±15kV with an air discharge probe on the receptacle cause no damage.
<i>Immunity:</i> Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	EN 61000-4-3 IEC 1000-4-3	With a field strength of 3V/m rms, noise frequency ranges from 10 MHz to 1 GHz. No effect on transceiver performance between the specification limits.
<i>Emission:</i> Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Class B EN 55022 Class B CISPR 22	Noise frequency range: 30 MHz to 5 GHz

Pin Assignment



Pin Description and Plug-in Sequence<sup>1</sup> (1-Grd, 2-Power, 3-Signal)

Pin No.	Name	Description	Plug-in Sequence	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	High indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation.
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Transmitter disables on high or open.
4	MOD-DEF 2	Module Definition 2	3	2 wire serial ID interface
5	MOD-DEF 1	Module Definition 1	3	2 wire serial ID interface
6	MOD-DEF 0	Module Definition 0	3	Grounded in module
7	Rate Select	Bandwidth Selection	3	No implementation
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	High indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity. Low indicates normal operation. In low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	3.3 V ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	3.3 V ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	AC-coupled, differential lines

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19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	

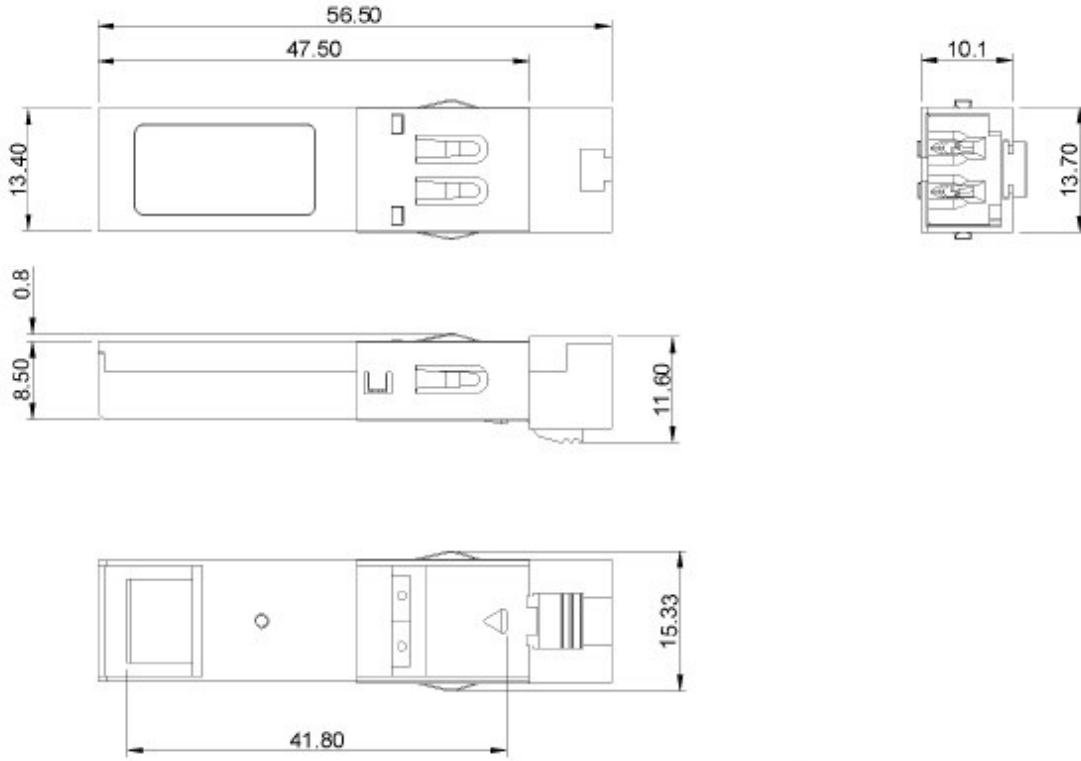
Note:

1. Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

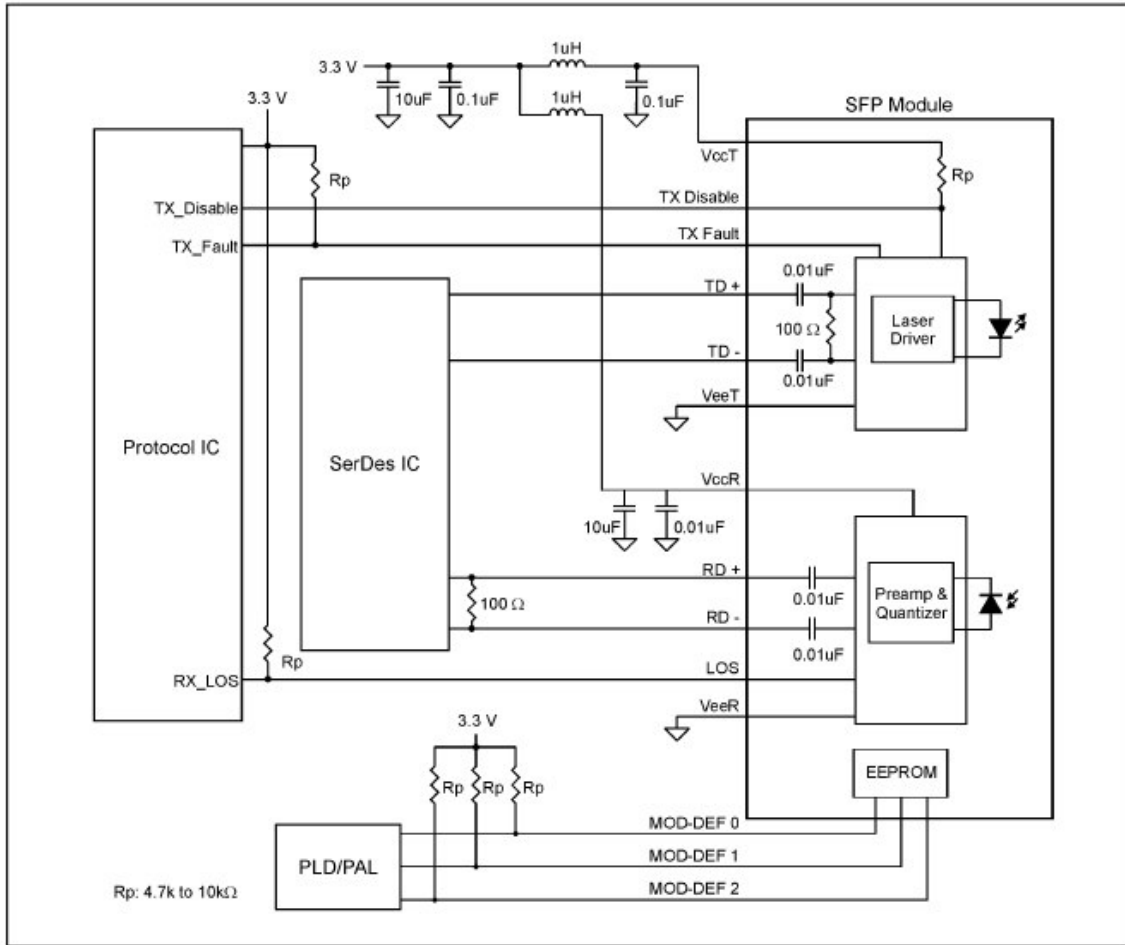
**Physical Characteristics**

**Outline Diagram**

Dimensions for the device package are given in millimeters.



Recommended Interface Diagram



Additional Information

Contact

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